



Table 4A-1. (Continued)

Antimicrobial Agent	Disk Content	Disk Diffusion QC Ranges, mm		
		<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC <sup>®b</sup> 25922	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 27853	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923
Ciprofloxacin	5 µg	29-38	25-33	22-30
Clarithromycin	15 µg	-	-	26-32
Clinafloxacin	5 µg	31-40	27-35	28-37
Clindamycin <sup>c</sup>	2 µg	-	-	24-30
Colistin	10 µg	11-17	11-17	-
Delafloxacin <sup>d</sup>	5 µg	28-35	23-29	32-40
Dirithromycin	15 µg	-	-	18-26
Doripenem	10 µg	27-35	28-35	33-42
Doxycycline	30 µg	18-24	-	23-29
Enoxacin	10 µg	28-36	22-28	22-28
Eravacycline	20 µg	17-24	-	19-26
Ertapenem	10 µg	29-36	13-21	24-31
Erythromycin <sup>c</sup>	15 µg	-	-	22-30
Faropenem	5 µg	20-26	-	27-34
Floxacin	5 µg	28-34	12-20	21-27
Fosfomycin <sup>e</sup>	200 µg	22-30	-	25-33
Fusidic acid	10 µg	-	-	24-32
Garenoxacin	5 µg	28-35	19-25	30-36
Gatifloxacin	5 µg	30-37	20-28	27-33
Gemifloxacin	5 µg	29-36	19-25	27-33
Gentamicin <sup>f</sup>	10 µg	19-26	17-23	19-27
Gepotidacin	10 µg	18-26	-	23-29
Grepafloxacin	5 µg	28-36	20-27	26-31
Iclaprim	5 µg	14-22	-	25-33
Imipenem <sup>g</sup>	10 µg	26-32	20-28	-
Kanamycin	30 µg	17-25	-	19-26
Lefamulin	20 µg	-	-	26-32
Levofloxacin	5 µg	29-37	19-26	25-30
Levonadifloxacin	10 µg	27-33 <sup>d</sup>	17-23 <sup>d</sup>	32-39 <sup>d</sup>
Linezolid	30 µg	-	-	25-32 <sup>h</sup>
Lomefloxacin	10 µg	27-33	22-28	23-29
Loracarbef	30 µg	23-29	-	23-31
Mecillinam	10 µg	24-30	-	-
Meropenem	10 µg	28-35	27-33	29-37
Minocycline	30 µg	19-25	-	25-30
Moxalactam	30 µg	28-35	17-25	18-24

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		<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC <sup>®b</sup> 25922	<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 27853	<i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923
Moxifloxacin	5 µg	28-35	17-25	28-35
Nafcillin	1 µg	-	-	16-22
Nafithromycin	15 µg	-	-	25-31 <sup>d</sup>
Nalidixic acid	30 µg	22-28	-	-
Netilmicin	30 µg	22-30	17-23	22-31
Nitrofurantoin	300 µg	20-25	-	18-22
Norfloxacin	10 µg	28-35	22-29	17-28
Ofloxacin	5 µg	29-33	17-21	24-28
Omadacycline	30 µg	22-28	-	22-30
Oxacillin	1 µg	-	-	18-24
Pefloxacin	5 µg	25-33	-	-
Penicillin	10 units	-	-	26-37
Piperacillin	100 µg	24-30	25-33	-
Plazomicin	30 µg	21-27	15-21	19-25
Polymyxin B	300 units	13-19	14-18	-
Quinupristin-dalfopristin	15 µg	-	-	21-28
Razupenem	10 µg	21-26	-	- <sup>i</sup>
Rifampin	5 µg	8-10	-	26-34
Solithromycin	15 µg	-	-	22-30
Sparfloxacin	5 µg	30-38	21-29	27-33
Streptomycin <sup>f</sup>	10 µg	12-20	-	14-22
Sulfisoxazole <sup>j</sup>	250 µg or 300 µg	15-23	-	24-34
Sulopenem	2 µg	24-30 <sup>d</sup>	-	-
Tebipenem <sup>g</sup>	10 µg	30-37	20-26	-
Tedizolid <sup>k</sup>	2 µg	-	-	18-24 <sup>h</sup>
Teicoplanin	30 µg	-	-	15-21
Telithromycin	15 µg	-	-	24-30
Tetracycline	30 µg	18-25	-	24-30
Ticarcillin	75 µg	24-30	21-27	-
Tigecycline	15 µg	20-27	9-13	20-25
Tobramycin	10 µg	18-26	20-26	19-29
Trimethoprim <sup>j</sup>	5 µg	21-28	-	19-26
Trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole <sup>j</sup>	1.25/23.75 µg	23-29	-	24-32
Trospectomycin	30 µg	10-16	-	15-20
Trovafloxacin	10 µg	29-36	21-27	29-35
Ulifloxacin (prulifloxacin) <sup>l</sup>	5 µg	32-38	27-33	20-26
Vancomycin	30 µg	-	-	17-21

Abbreviations: ATCC<sup>®</sup>, American Type Culture Collection, ICR, inducible clindamycin resistance; QC, quality control.

**Table 4A-1. (Continued)**

**Footnotes**

- a. Refer to Table 4A-2 for QC of  $\beta$ -lactam combination agents.
- b. ATCC® is a registered trademark of the American Type Culture Collection. Per ATCC® convention, the trademark symbol is used after “BAA” in each catalog number, in conjunction with the registered ATCC® name.
- c. When disk approximation tests are performed with erythromycin and clindamycin, *S. aureus* ATCC® BAA-977™ (containing inducible *ermA*-mediated resistance) and *S. aureus* ATCC® BAA-976™ (containing *msrA*-mediated macrolide-only efflux) are recommended as supplemental QC strains (eg, for training, competence assessment, or test evaluation). *S. aureus* ATCC® BAA-977™ should demonstrate ICR (ie, a positive D-zone test), whereas *S. aureus* ATCC® BAA-976™ should not demonstrate ICR. *S. aureus* ATCC® 25923 should be used for routine QC (eg, weekly or daily) of erythromycin and clindamycin disks using standard Mueller-Hinton agar.
- d. QC ranges were established using data from only one disk manufacturer. Disks from other manufacturers were not available at the time of testing.
- e. The 200- $\mu$ g fosfomycin disk contains 50  $\mu$ g of glucose-6-phosphate.
- f. For control ranges of gentamicin 120- $\mu$ g and streptomycin 300- $\mu$ g disks, use *E. faecalis* ATCC® 29212 (gentamicin: 16-23 mm; streptomycin: 14-20 mm).
- g. *Klebsiella pneumoniae* ATCC® 700603 is a supplemental QC strain for testing QC of imipenem (25-33 mm) and tebipenem (26-32 mm).
- h. Zones of inhibition for linezolid and tedizolid with *S. aureus* ATCC® 25923 should be read using transmitted light.
- i. Razupenem tested with *S. aureus* ATCC® 25923 can often produce the double or target zone phenomenon. For accurate QC results, use *S. aureus* ATCC® 29213 (no double zones) with acceptable range 33-39 mm.
- j. These agents can be affected by excess levels of thymidine and thymine. See M02,<sup>1</sup> Subchapter 3.1.1.2 for guidance, should a problem with QC occur.
- k. *E. faecalis* ATCC® 29212 is a supplemental QC strain for testing QC of tedizolid (14-21 mm) to assist with reading.
- l. Ulifloxacin is the active metabolite of the prodrug prulifloxacin. Only ulifloxacin should be used for antimicrobial susceptibility testing.

**Reference for Table 4A-1**

<sup>1</sup> CLSI. *Performance Standards for Antimicrobial Disk Susceptibility Tests*. 13th ed. CLSI standard M02. Clinical and Laboratory Standards Institute; 2018.